Modified PTO/SB/33 (10-05)

PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW		Docket Number Q96939		
	10/593,6	33	September 21, 2006	
Mail Stop AF		d Inventor	September 22, 2000	
Commissioner for Patents	Kunio V	Kunio YAMANE		
P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450	Art Unit	11417 11 412	Examiner	
			Benjamin	
	1796		GILLESPIE	
WASHINGTON OFFIC 23373 CUSTOMER NUMBER				
Applicant requests review of the final rejection in amendments are being filed with this request.	the above-ider	tified appli	cation. No	
This request is being filed with a notice of appeal				
The review is requested for the reasons(s) stated of Note: No more than five (5) pages may be pages may be pages may be pages.		sheet(s).		
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		Ma	rch 15, 2010	
	<u></u>		Date	

PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of

Docket No: Q96939

Kunio YAMANE, et al.

Appln. No.: 10/593,633

Group Art Unit: 1796

Confirmation No.: 1928

Examiner: Benjamin GILLESPIE

Filed: September 21, 2006

For:

LOW SPECIFIC GRAVITY UNSATURATED POLYESTER RESIN COMPOSITIONS

FOR LAMP REFLECTORS AND MOLDED ARTICLES THEREOF

PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW

MAIL STOP AF - PATENTS

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

Pursuant to the Pre-Appeal Brief Conference Pilot Program, and further to the Examiner's Final Office Action dated October 14, 2009, Applicant files this Pre-Appeal Brief Request for Review. This Request is also accompanied by the filing of a Notice of Appeal.

Appellant turns now to the rejections at issue: (i) Claims 1 and 4-9 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0085772 to Daichou et al in view of Alger (Polymer Science Dictionary); and (ii) Claim 3 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Daichou in view of Alger and U.S. Patent No. 4,052,358 to Wada et al.

Appellant respectfully traverses the rejections for the reasons of record (see, e.g., pages 2-3 in the Response filed February 16, 2010) and for the following reasons.

With regard to the present claims, though acknowledging that Daichou fails to disclose or suggest the specific ratio of (i) styrene and (ii) diallylphthalate, as recited in present Claim 1, the Examiner takes the position in the Advisory Action that "this does not mean it would be unobvious to arrive at the present claim limitations." In support of his position, the Examiner asserts that one of basic knowledge of polymer science would understand that as the degree of branching in a cured polymer increases - i.e. as the amount of (ii) in the curing agent increases relative to (i), the cured polymer will exhibit less thermoplasticity and resemble more of a thermoset polymer, which are known to exhibit better heat resistance. Further, Appellants note that in the Advisory Action, the Examiner refers to heat resistance as a coating property.

Appellants respectfully disagree.

According to the present invention, the presently claimed low specific gravity unsaturated polyester resin composition is characterized by using two crosslinking agents (that is, ingredients (A) and (B)) having a specific weight ratio, wherein the amount and weight ratio of the two crosslinking agents influence <u>not only</u> the heat resistance of the cured product but <u>also</u> the coating property of the cured product.

In this regard, Appellants submit that there is no predictable relationship between the heat resistance of a cured product and the coating property of paints on the cured product. As demonstrated by Comparative Examples 10 and 15 of the present specification, even if a cured produce has a high coating property, the cured product may simultaneously have a low heat resistance. Accordingly, the coating property of the presently claimed cured product is separate

Attorney Docket No. Q96939

PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW

U.S. Application No. 10/593,633

and distinct from the heat resistance of the cured product, and as such the improvement of one

property does not necessarily indicate the improvement of the other property

In addition, the Examiner asserts that "only a single ratio of (i):(ii) is disclosed in

Applicants' examples." Thus, the Examiner concludes that "[t]here is no way to determine if

Applicants' alleged unexpected result would also be obtained when using every ratio of (i):(ii)

allowed by claim 1."

Appellants disagree.

As shown in Tables 2-4, Applicants disclose Working Examples wherein components (A)

and (B) are utilized a wide variety of ratios. Thus, Appellants submit that the Working Examples

in the present specification are commensurate in scope with the breadth of the present claims,

and demonstrate unexpected results across the presently claimed ratio range.

For the foregoing reasons, it is respectfully submitted that Claims 1 and 3-9 are

patentable over the cited art.

Accordingly, Appellant respectfully requests the reconsideration of the foregoing

rejections.

Respectfully submitted,

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Date: March 15, 2010

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